

COSMETIC PRODUCT SAFETY REPORT

PRODUCT: Organic Castor Oil

DATE: 16 July 2024

Responsible Person: Eunice Opong
Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd
34 Dukeshill Road
Bracknell
Berkshire RG42 2DT



PART A – Cosmetic Product Safety Information

1. Quantitative and qualitative composition

	Ingredient INCI name	CAS	Function	Limits	Amount
1	Ricinus communis seed oil	8001-79-4	Emollient, fragrance,		100.000000

Allergens present in this product and estimated amounts*:
None

* The presence of these allergens must be indicated in the list of ingredients when their concentration exceeds: 0.001% in leave-on products or 0.01% in rinse-off products

2. Physical & chemical properties and stability

2.1.1 Physical/chemical properties of ingredients (substances or mixtures)

See section 1. Quantitative and qualitative composition – additional specification of ingredients.

Ref. 1. 1 **Ricinus communis seed oil**

Ricinus communis seed oil is the fixed oil obtained from the seeds of Castor, Ricinus communis, Euphorbiaceae.

Typical fatty acid profile:

Ricinoleic acid	85-95%
Oleic acid	2-6%
Linoleic acid	1-5%
α -Linolenic acid	0.5-1%
Stearic acid	0.5-1%
Palmitic acid	0.5-1%
Dihydroxystearic acid	0.3-0.5%
Others	0.2-0.5%

PART A – Cosmetic Product Safety Information *continued*

2. Physical & chemical properties and stability *continued*

2.1.2 Physical/chemical properties of the cosmetic product

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Clear
Aroma	Nutty
pH	n/a

*RP: Responsible Person: Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd

2.2 Stability of the cosmetic product

The ingredients used in the production of the cosmetic product comply with the relevant legal regulations.

Both the product and constituent ingredients are stable under normal use and warehousing conditions during the entire time of the PAO 12M period.

2.2.1 Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd confirms that all product stability tests reflect the stability of the product which is to be placed on the market.

2.2.2 Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd uses a PAO 12M based on the results of Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd 's stability testing, including shelf life stability testing.

2.2.3 A Preservative Efficacy Test was not necessary since this is not a water-based product.

3. Microbiological quality

3.1.1 Microbiological specification of ingredients (substances and mixtures).

Based on available information from the ingredient specification (see section 1. Quantitative and qualitative composition – specification of ingredients), the ingredients used can be assessed as microbiologically safe.

3.1.2 Microbiological specification of the finished product

The given cosmetic product can be regarded as microbiologically safe for consumers' health

under the ISO 29621:2010 standard “Cosmetics -- Microbiology -- Guidelines for the risk assessment and identification of microbiologically low-risk products”.

The microbiological harmlessness of the ingredients and the cosmetic product is assessed according to COLIPA: Guideline for Microbiological Quality Management (MQM).

A Preservative Efficacy Test was not necessary since this is not a water-based product.

4. Impurities, trace amounts of forbidden substances, & information about packaging material

4.1 Impurities and trace amounts of forbidden substances

According to specifications (see section 2.1.1 Physical/chemical properties of ingredients (substances or mixtures) submitted by ingredient suppliers, the ingredients do not contain impurities or trace amounts of forbidden substances.

Any impurities or traces identified in any ingredient above standard tolerances are noted against each respective ingredient in section 2.1.1.

4.2 Information about packaging material

The packaging material applied is suitable for the given type of cosmetic product and meets the predictable use requirements.

Container	Bottle
Container Material	PET
Airless Container	No

The available research suggests that the concentration of phthalates in the contents of PET bottles varies as a function of the contents of the bottle, with phthalates leaching into lower pH products. Temperature also appears to influence the leaching both of phthalates and of antimony from PET, with greater leaching at higher temperatures.

The evidence also suggests that PET bottles may yield endocrine disruptors under conditions of common use, particularly with prolonged storage and elevated temperature.

Therefore it is advisable, in using PET containers, to ensure a minimum pH of 4.0 and to store products at cooler temperatures using a shorter BBE period.

Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd confirms that the results of reference sample monitoring show no reaction between the packaging material and the product during the product’s stated minimum useable life. During that life no changes to physical and chemical properties of the product were noticed that would affect its usability and safety.

5. Normal and reasonably foreseeable use

The current label advice:

A natural carrier oil for massage and aromatherapy. Perfect as a body moisturiser and for massage.

The label of this cosmetic product should include this special note regarding its use, in compliance with Article 19(1)(d) of *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No. 1223/2009:

For external use only. Keep out of reach of children.

6. Exposure to the cosmetic product

Area of application	Body
Product type: Leave-on or Rinse-off	Leave On
Duration and frequency	2.28
Possible additional routes of exposure	Face
Estimated skin surface area (cm ²)	15670
Estimated amount of the product applied according to the SCCS (g/day)	7.82 g
Estimated retention factor according to the SCCS	1
Target group	Adult
Calculated relative daily exposure according to the SCCS (mg/kg bw/day)	123.2

7. Exposure to the ingredients

	Ingredient INCI name	Concentration	SED
1	Ricinus communis seed oil	1.00000	123.20000

SED: Systemic Exposure Dose

8. Toxicological profile of the ingredients in the formulation

	Ingredient INCI name	MOS
1	Ricinus communis seed oil	106.89940

MOS: Margin of Safety

8. Toxicological profile of the ingredients in the formulation - continued

Based on the calculation of MoS (Margin of Safety) for ingredients that can be classified as hazardous to human health, the product does not contain ingredients with toxicologically significant profiles in terms of consumer health.

An ingredient with an MoS above 1000 is considered safe. An ingredient with an MoS above 100 but lower than 1000 must be further considered by the assessor.

In line with WHO guidelines, recommending a minimum value of 100, it is generally accepted that the MoS should at least be 100 to conclude that a substance is safe for use. Since the ingredient used in this formulation is edible and has an MOS value above 100 then the conclusion is that it is safe for use in this formulation.

9. Undesirable effects and serious undesirable effects

The cosmetic product with a similar composition has been supplied to the market in the long term and until nowadays, no undesired effects to human health have been noticed in relation to the use of this product. Therefore, no undesired effects are anticipated at the common and reasonably predictable application of the given cosmetic product.

After its launch, the cosmetic product will be further monitored by Lifestyle and Medical Practice Ltd in accordance to procedures detailed in *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No 1223/2009. The safety of the product should be reviewed on a regular basis. To that end, undesirable and serious undesirable effects on human health during in market use of the product should be filed (complaints during normal and improper use, and the follow-up done) and details forwarded to the safety assessor.

The safety assessor will then update the Cosmetic Product Safety Report (CPSR) based on the new findings and the adopted corrective measures.

10. Additional information on the product

No additional information is available and no additional studies were carried out.

11. References

- THE SCCS'S NOTES OF GUIDANCE FOR THE TESTING OF COSMETIC SUBSTANCES AND THEIR SAFETY EVALUATION 8TH REVISION
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:342:0059:0209:en:PDF>
- MSDS of ingredients
- Commission Implementing Decision of 25th November 2013 Guidelines on Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on cosmetic products
- SCCS - Opinions
http://ec.europa.eu/health/scientific_committees/consumer_safety/opinions/index_en.htm
- CosIng: the European Commission database on cosmetic substances
http://ec.europa.eu/consumers/cosmetics/cosing/index.cfm?fuseaction=search_simple
- REGULATION 1223/2009 ANNEXES
http://ec.europa.eu/consumers/cosmetics/cosing/index.cfm?fuseaction=ref_data.annexes_v2

PART B – Cosmetic Product Safety Assessment

1. Assessment conclusion

Based on the information supplied, the cosmetic product detailed in this report is safe for human health when used in common or reasonably predictable conditions in compliance with the instructions provided for the consumer.

This conclusion is only applicable to this cosmetic product with the composition, properties, purpose, and method of use of which are detailed in this documentation, and laboratory tests attached to this assessment, including the detailed production and labelling which has been assessed as meeting the requirements of *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No. 1223/2009 effective on the date this report was issued.

2. Labelled warnings and instructions of use

The label of this cosmetic product should include this special note regarding its use, in compliance with Article 19(1)(d) of *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No. 1223/2009:

For external use only. Keep out of reach of children.

Allergens present in this product and estimated amounts*:

* The presence of these allergens must be indicated in the list of ingredients when their concentration exceeds: 0.001% in leave-on products or 0.01% in rinse-off products. Only the allergen, not the estimated amount, is required on the label.

3. Reasoning

Based on the formulation of this cosmetic product, its qualitative and quantitative composition according to its INCI ingredients, basic physical and chemical characteristics and microbiology, Preservation Challenge Test performed, classification of the cosmetic product type, including its purpose and method of application, and available toxicological information and safety sheets of the ingredients used, the cosmetic product safety has been assessed for the consumer by assessing the toxicological profile of all ingredients, their chemical structure, exposure level and Margin of Safety (MoS) depending on the purpose of use in this cosmetic product.

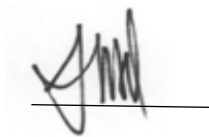
This cosmetic product contains only the allowed ingredients in allowed concentrations. For ingredients with safety limits as specified in Annexes to *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No. 1223/2009, no ingredient exceeds the allowable safety limit therefore is a safe concentration in this cosmetic product. The evaluation of the entire composition and applied ingredient concentrations indicate that as a whole the composition of this cosmetic product complies with the requirements of *Cosmetic Regulation* (EC) No. 1223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

4. Assessor's credentials and approval of Part B

Safety Assessor: Allison Wild
Oxford Biosciences Ltd.
The Oxford Science Park
Magdalen Centre
Oxfordshire
OX4 4GA

Experience and qualifications:

- MSc in Clinical Pharmacology, University of Oxford
- 15+ years experience formulating cosmetic products
- Full member of the Society of Cosmetic Scientists (SCS)
- Member of the British Pharmacological Society



Signature

16 July 2024

Date